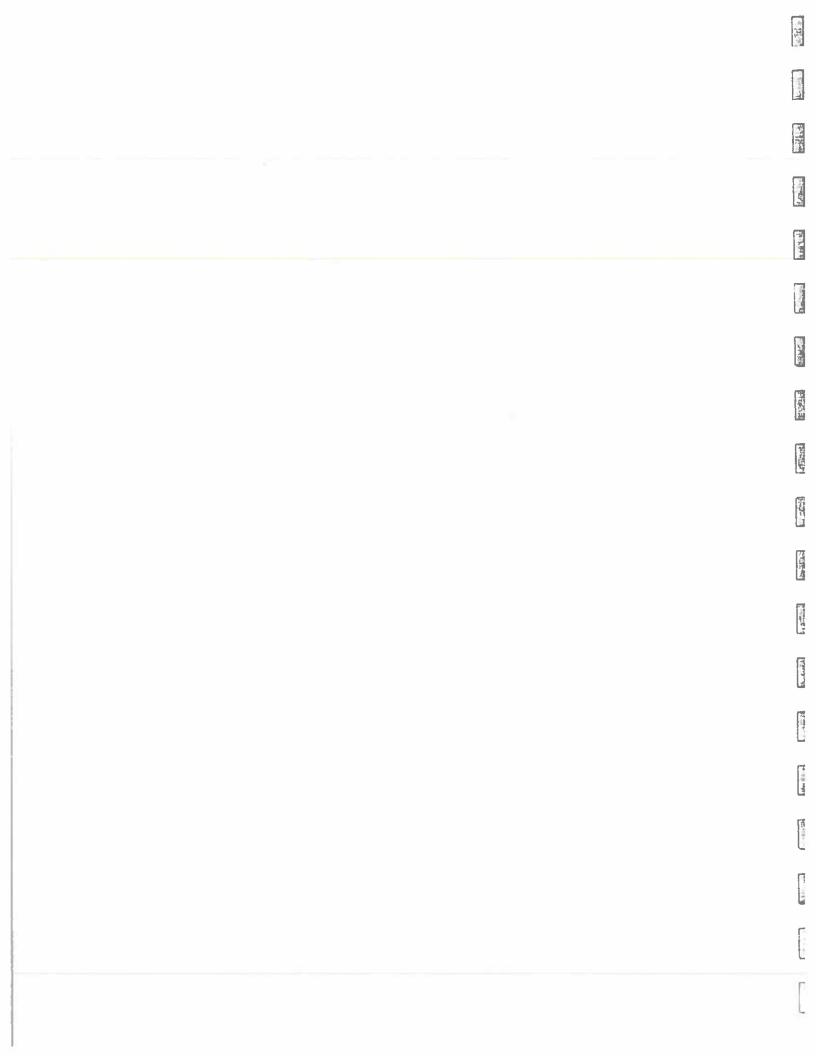


ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2002



OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY

PALM SPRINGS, CALIFORNIA

JUNE 30, 2002

GOVERNING BOARD

<u>MEMBER</u>	<u>OFFICE</u>		TERM EXPIRES
Donald T. Aikens	President		2003
Michael McCabe	Clerk		2005
Andrew Green	Member		2005
Shari Stewart	Member		2003
Meredy Shoenberger	Member		2005

ADMINISTRATION

William E. Diedrich, Ph.D.

Superintendent

David L. Costner

Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Lorraine Becker, Ed.D.

Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Michael Sellwood, Ed.D.

Deputy Superintendent, Personnel Services

Craig Borba, Ed.D.

Director of Pupil Personnel Services

ORGANIZATION

The Palm Springs Unified School District is comprised of an area located in Riverside County. It encompasses the incorporated cities of Palm Springs, Desert Hot Springs, Rancho Mirage, Cathedral City, Palm Desert, and the unincorporated communities of Thousand Palms and North Palm Springs. The Palm Springs Unified School District was formed in 1948, combining the Palm Springs High School District and the Desert School District.

The District is currently operating fourteen elementary schools, four middle schools, three high schools, two continuation high schools, an adult education program, and Ramon Academy.

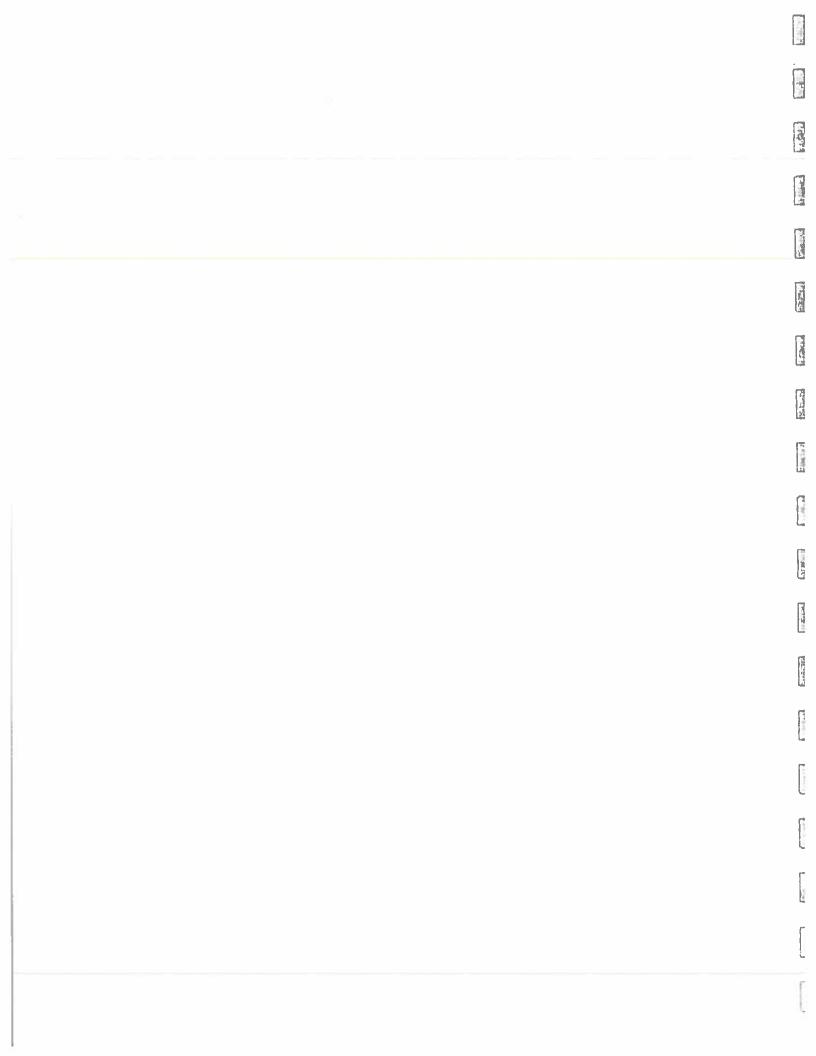
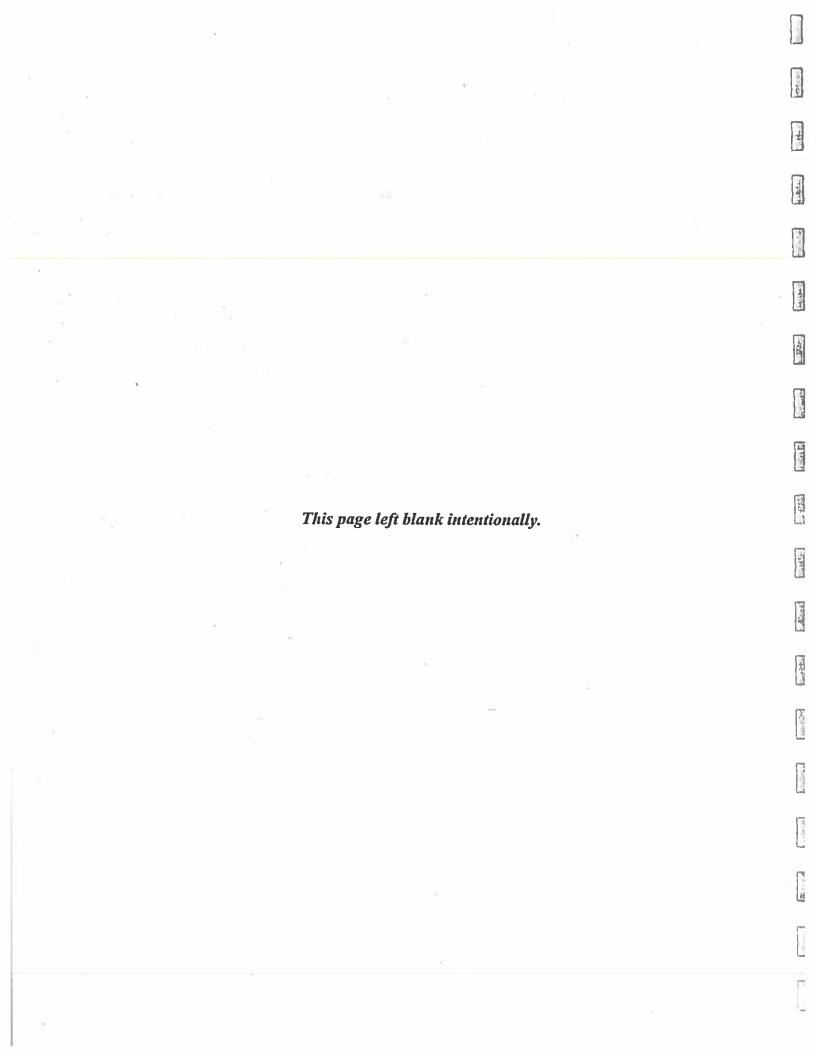


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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Palm Springs Unified School District Palm Springs, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Palm Springs Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies*, prescribed by the State Controller. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Palm Springs Unified School District, as of June 30, 2002, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2002, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

As discussed in the Notes to the basic financial statements, the accompanying financial statements reflect certain changes required as a result of the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 for the year ended June 30, 2002. This results in a change to the format and content of the basic financial statements.

The required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 and budgetary comparison information on page 36, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards which is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Varinite, Time, Day . Co., LLP

rnia

Rancho Cucamonga, California November 8, 2002



980 EAST TAHQUITZ CANYON WAY PALM SPRINGS, CALIFORNIA 92262-0119 (760) 416-6000

FAX (760) 416-6015

BOARD OF EDUCATION: DONALD T. AIKENS, President — MICHAEL McCABE, Clerk
ANDREW GREEN, Member — MEREDY SHOENBERGER, Member — SHARI STEWART, Member

This section of Palm Springs Unified School District's 2001-2002 annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2002. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

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The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Palm Springs Unified School District (the District) and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for each of two categories of activities: governmental and fiduciary.

The Governmental Activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Primary unit of the government is the Palm Springs Unified School District.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2002

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in them. Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities, one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

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130,442

The relationship between revenues and expenses are the District's operating results. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, state income taxes, user fees, interest income, federal, state and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2002

THE DISTRICT AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for funds held on behalf of others, like our funds for associated student body activities. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate *Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets*. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

The District's net assets were \$112.5 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Of this amount, \$10.5 million was unrestricted. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and change in net assets (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

(Amounts in millions)

	Gove	mmental
ASSETS	Act	ivities
Current and other assets	\$	57.2
Capital assets		159.1
Total Assets		216.3
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		12.6
Long-term debt		91.2
Total Liabilities		103.8
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		65.8
Restricted		36.2
Unrestricted		10.5
Total Net Assets	\$	112.5

The \$10.5 million in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2002

Changes in Net Assets

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page eleven. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

72.5

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(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities		
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 3,2		
Operating grants and contributions	39.8		
General revenues:			
Unrestricted	74.0		
Property taxes	35.1		
Other general revenues	16.5		
Total Revenues	168.6		
Expenses			
Instruction related	108.6		
Student support services	14.2		
Administration	7.9		
Maintenance and operations	29.1		
Other	10.5		
Total Expenses	170.3		
Change in Net Assets	\$ (1.7)		

Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities on page eleven, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$170.3 million. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$35.1 million because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$3.2 million) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$39.8 million). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$90.5 million in State funds and other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2002

In Table 3, we have presented the net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities) of each of the District's five largest functions – instruction related, student support services, administration, maintenance and operations, and other activities. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

(Amounts in millions)	Net Cost Services
Instruction related	\$ 77.4
Student support services	4.2
Administration	6.6
Maintenance and operations	28.7
Other activities	10.3
Totals	\$ 127.2

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$48.3 million, which is an increase of \$13.8 million from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 26, 2002. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 36).

CAPITAL ASSET & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2002, the District had \$159.1 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$1.5 million, or one percent, from last year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2002

Table 4

(Amounts in millions)	ernmental ctivities
Land	\$ 7.8
Construction in progress	5.2
Buildings and improvements	200.5
Equipment	4.9
Totals	\$ 218.4

This years additions of approximately \$5.9 million included the purchase of one land parcel for a new school site, construction of new and modernization of existing school sites, and equipment required for the operation of schools and support services.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of this year, the District had \$92.6 million in general obligation bonds outstanding versus \$75 million last year, an increase of 19 percent. Capital Lease obligations of approximately \$.7 million and unpaid accumulated vacation of \$.7 million are also included:

1.0

Table 5

(Amounts in millions)		rnmental
General obligation bonds	\$	92.6
Capital lease obligations	Ψ	0.7
Accumulated vacation		0.7
Totals	\$	94.0

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2001-02 ARE NOTED BELOW:

- Purchase building on leased property, 1000 Tahquitz Canyon Way, for expansion of District Administration offices.
- In May 2002, began construction of elementary school, Rio Vista Elementary.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2002

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2002/2003 year, the District Board and management used the following criteria:

The key assumptions in our revenue forecast are:

- 1. Revenue limit income due to increased student enrollment.
- 2. Developer fee collections are based on new housing units to be constructed.

Expenditures are based on the following forecasts:

	Staffing Ratio	Enrollment
Grades kindergarten	31:1	1,571
Grades one through three	20:1	5,252
Grades four and five	31:1	3,580
Grades six through twelve	29:1	11,128
Special education	N/A	687

The major changes to expenditure items specifically addressed in the budget are:

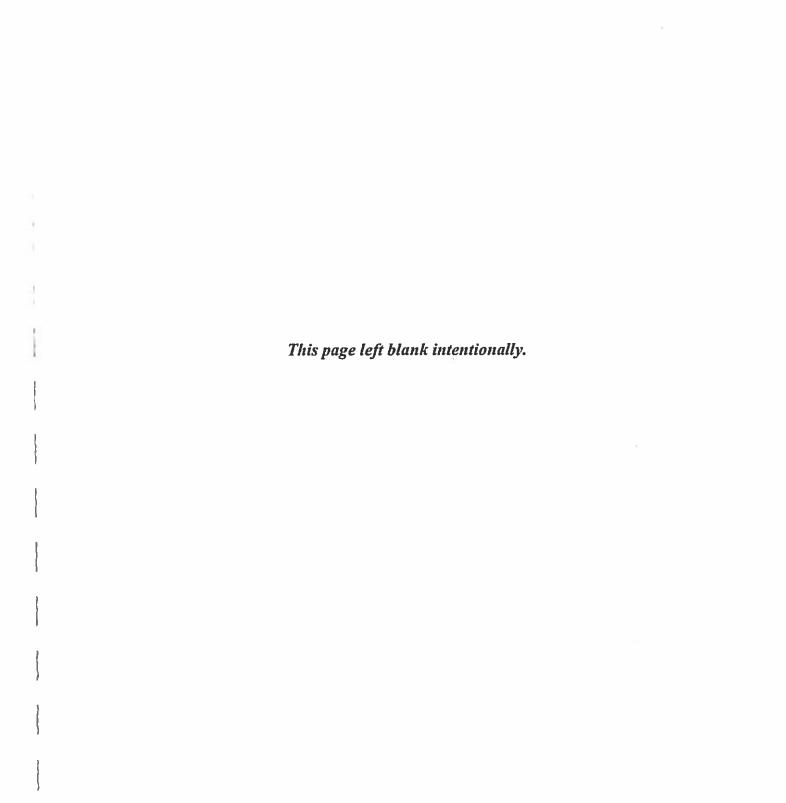
- 1. Employee step and column increases.
- 2. Staffing allocation for enrollment growth.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Evelyn Hernandez, Director of Fiscal Services, at Palm Springs Unified School District, 980 E. Tahquitz Canyon Way, Suite 204, Palm Springs, California, 92262.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2002

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 795,824
Investments	47,458,799
Receivables	8,531,539
Stores inventories	368,154
Capital assets	218,330,844
Less: accumulated depreciation	(59,211,071)
Total Assets	216,274,089
	210,277,005
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	7,873,159
Deferred revenue	1,862,257
Current portion of long-term obligations	2,854,696
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	91,205,703
Total Liabilities	103,795,815
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	65,802,264
Restricted for:	· , ,
Debt service	5,210,711
Capital projects	23,293,431
Educational programs	7,435,063
Other activities	223,923
Unrestricted	10,512,882
Total Net Assets	\$ 112,478,274



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

			Program Revenues					
				harges for rvices and		Operating Grants and		pital its and
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Sales	_ <u>C</u>	ontributions	Conti	ibutions
Governmental Activities								
Instruction	\$	92,020,379	\$	381,916	2	26,618,443	\$	
Instruction related activities:	•	>=,0=0,5 (>	Ψ	301,510	Ψ	20,010,773	Φ	•
Supervision of instruction		4,897,881		47,792		3,222,463		
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,930,275		318		543,098		-
School site administration		9,723,463		192		345,484		-
Pupil services:		-,,,,,05		172		272,707		-
Home-to-school transportation		3,395,148				2,327,446		
Food services		5,979,883		2,751,485		3,453,971		_
All other pupil services		4,826,445		27,527		1,497,115		-
General administration:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		3		1,457,115		•
Data processing		1,131,986				_		
All other general administration		6,833,201		16,899		1,365,304		-
Plant services		17,355,436		136		332,599		_
Facility acquisition and construction		11,654,044		-		-		_
Ancillary services		1,165,272		_		1,808		_
Community services		75,559		369		76,508		-
Interest on long-term debt		4,314,697		-		,0,500		-
Other outgo		24,986		_		_		-
Depreciation (unallocated)		4,929,695		_		-		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	170,258,350	\$	3,226,634	-\$	39,784,239	\$	

General revenues and subventions

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Subtotal, General Revenues

1

Changes in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

R	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets				
G	overnmental Activities				
\$	(65,020,020)				
	(1,627,626)				
	(1,386,859)				
	(9,377,787)				
	(1,067,702)				
	225,573				
	(3,301,803)				
	(3,501,003)				
	(1,131,986)				
	(5,450,998)				
	(17,022,701)				
	(11,654,044)				
	(1,163,464)				
	1,318				
	(4,314,697)				
	(24,986)				
	(4,929,695)				
\$	(127,247,477)				
	27,795,529				
13	7,288,394				
	74,007,367				
	1,261,201				
	15,192,639				
	125,545,130				
	(1,702,347)				
	114,180,621				
\$	112,478,274				

i i

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2002

	General Building Fund Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ 745,824	\$ 795,824
Investments	17,043,943	16,977,640	13,437,216	47,458,799
Receivables	7,179,845	84,531	1,267,163	8,531,539
Due from other funds	1,697,098	214,059	6,532,399	8,443,556
Stores inventories	226,891		141,263	368,154
Total Assets	\$26,197,777	\$17,276,230	\$ 22,123,865	\$ 65,597,872
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	3,017,045	2,779,161	1,187,131	6,983,337
Due to other funds	6,621,200	-	1,822,356	8,443,556
Deferred revenue	1,460,997		401,260	1,862,257
Total Liabilities	11,099,242	2,779,161	3,410,747	17,289,150
FUND BALANCES				
Reserved for:				
Stores inventories	226,891	-	141,263	368,154
Other reservations Unreserved:	7,485,063	••	6,250	7,491,313
Designated	7,386,581	14,497,069	13,304,615	35,188,265
Undesignated, reported in:				
Debt service funds	-	-	5,210,711	5,210,711
Capital projects funds			50,279	50,279
Total Fund Balances	15,098,535	14,497,069	18,713,118	48,308,722
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$26,197,777	\$17,276,230	\$ 22,123,865	\$ 65,597,872
	,,	=	,125,005	4 00,071,012

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2002

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Ne	t
Assets are Different Recause:	

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 48,308,722

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is

\$ 218,330,844

(59,211,071)

159,119,773

In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide statements, unmatured interest on long-term debt is recognized when it is incurred.

(889,822)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Bonds payable Capital leases payable Compensated absences (vacations) 92,570,000

747,509 742,890

(94,060,399)

Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities

\$ 112,478,274

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

REVENUES	General Fund	Building Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue limit sources	\$ 97,058,078	\$ -	\$ 468,057	¢ 07 526 125
Federal sources	10,828,969	-	3,745,482	\$ 97,526,135 14,574,451
Other state sources	23,730,751	_	2,574,057	26,304,808
Other local sources	11,938,669	321,825	17,798,615	30,059,109
Total Revenues	143,556,467	321,825	24,586,211	168,464,503
EXPENDITURES	110,000,107	221,023	24,500,211	100,404,505
Current				
Instruction	90,375,672	_	1,827,534	92,203,206
Instruction related activities:	,		1,027,004	72,207,200
Supervision of instruction	4,677,381		243,735	4,921,116
Instructional library, media, and technology	1,930,316	-		1,930,316
School site administration	9,412,266	-	311,197	9,723,463
Pupil services:			,	-,,
Home-to school transportation	3,395,148	-	_	3,395,148
Food services	46,275	-	6,043,374	6,089,649
All other pupil services	4,716,124	-	117,590	4,833,714
General administration:			,	.,,
Data processing	1,570,954	-	-	1,570,954
All other general administration	6,406,859	-	455,161	6,862,020
Plant services	16,740,677	-	672,292	17,412,969
Facility acquisition and construction	208,814	11,284,604	5,601,033	17,094,451
Ancilliary services	1,165,272	-	_	1,165,272
Community services	52,733		22,826	75,559
Other outgo	24,986	-	4	24,986
Debt service				*
Principal	1,113,539	-	2,325,000	3,438,539
Interest and other	314,228	-	3,650,629	3,964,857
Total Expenditures	142,151,244	11,284,604	21,270,371	174,706,219
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	1,405,223	(10,962,779)	3,315,840	(6,241,716)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	-		603,927	603,927
Other sources	-	20,091,500	-	20,091,500
Transfers out	(603,927)	1,70	_	(603,927)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(603,927)	20,091,500	603,927	20,091,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	801,296	9,128,721	3,919,767	13,849,784
Fund Balance - Beginning	14,297,239	5,368,348	14,793,351	34,458,938
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 15,098,535	\$14,497,069	\$18,713,118	\$ 48,308,722

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	\$	13,849,784
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures, however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statements of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period. Depreciation expense \$ (4,929,695)		
Capital outlays 6,469,386		1,539,691
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, there are no special termination benefits.		
Vacation used was less than the amounts earned by \$180,521.		(180,521)
Proceeds received from Sale of Bonds is a revenue in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities.		(20,000,000)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities.		2,325,000
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities.		1,113,539
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the		
statement of activities is the net result of two factors.	_	(349,840)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	(1,702,347)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 754,502
Total Assets	\$ 754,502
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	61,202
Due to student groups	693,300
Total Liabilities	\$ 754,502

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Palm Springs Unified School District (the District) was formed in 1948 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates fourteen elementary, four middle, three high schools, two continuation high schools, an adult program, and Ramon Academy.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. The District has no component units.

Joint Powers Agencies and Public Entity Risk Pools The District is associated with three joint powers agencies. These organizations do not meet the criteria for inclusion as component units of the District. Summarized audited financial information is presented in Note #15 to the financial statements. These organizations are: Desert School's Self-Insurance Program for Employees (DSSIPE), Riverside School's Insurance Authority (RSIA), and Riverside Employer/Employees' Partnership (REEP).

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of California.

Building Fund accounts for procedures from bond issuances to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of major capital facilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is comprised of agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student body activities (ASB).

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses for centralized services and administrative overhead are allocated among the programs, functions, and segments using a full cost allocation approach and are presented separately to enhance comparability of direct expenses between governments that allocate direct expenses and those that do not. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net assets restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

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Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds on a modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 90 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met and are recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as part of stores inventory. Principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

E. Stores Inventory

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption and unused donated commodities. Inventories are stated at cost, on the weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

F. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

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When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

G. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net assets.

H. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the accounts payable in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

J. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for revolving cash accounts, stores inventories, and legally restricted grants and entitlements.

Designations of fund balances consist of that portion of the fund balance that has been designated (set aside) by the governing board to provide for specific purposes or uses. Fund equity designations have been established for economic uncertainties, unrealized gains of investments and cash in county treasury, and other purposes.

K. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

M. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

N. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

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The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

O. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Riverside bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

NOTE 2 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments," GASB Statement No. 36, "Receipt Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues," GASB Statement No. 37, "Basic Financial Statements for State and Local Governments: Omnibus," and GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures." As a result, the financial statements for the first time include 1) a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, 2) financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, and 3) a change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds. These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements, including notes to financial statements.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Policies and Practices

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool since the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their county treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). In addition, the District is authorized to maintain deposits with certain financial institutions that are federally insured up to \$100,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

The District is also authorized to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

B. Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits were \$795,824 for government activities, and \$754,502 held in fiduciary funds. The bank balances totaled \$1,658,006. Of the bank balances, \$313,081 was covered by Federal deposit insurance and the remaining \$1,344,925 bank balance was covered by Pooled and/or pledged collateral, but not necessarily held in the District's name.

C. <u>Investments</u>

The District's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name holds the securities. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Deposits with the County Treasury are not categorized because they do not represent securities, which exist in physical or book entry form. The deposits with county treasury investments are valued using the amortized cost method (which approximates fair value). The fair values were provided by the county treasurer for their investment pool.

The investments at June 30, 2002, are as follows:

	Cost Basis	Fair Value
Uncategorized		
Deposits with county treasurer	\$ 47,458,799	\$ 47,552,588

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

			Other	
		Building	Governmental	
	General	Fund	Funds	Total
Federal Government				
Categorical aid	\$1,629,785	\$ -	\$ 601,185	\$2,230,970
State Government			•	
Apportionment	-	-	75,255	75,255
Categorical aid	1,427,937	-	152,959	1,580,896
Lottery		_	-	_
Other state	1,545,381	-	_	1,545,381
Local Government				
Interest	72,312	84,531	36,103	192,946
Other Local Sources	2,504,430	-	401,661	2,906,091
Total	\$7,179,845	\$ 84,531	\$ 1,267,163	\$8,531,539

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2001	Additions	Balance June 30, 2002
Governmental Activities			
Capital Assets not being depreciated			
Land	\$ 7,262,559	\$ -	\$ 7,262,559
Capital Assets being depreciated			
Buildings and improvements	200,462,462	520,312	200,982,774
Furniture and equipment	4,136,437	719,328	4,855,765
Construction in progress	-	5,229,746	5,229,746
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	204,598,899	6,469,386	211,068,285
Less Accumulated Depreciation			
Buildings and improvements	51,792,561	4,505,888	56,298,449
Furniture and equipment	2,488,815	423,807	2,912,622
Total Accumulated Depreciation	54,281,376	4,929,695	59,211,071
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$157,580,082	\$1,539,691	\$ 159,119,773

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental and business-type functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

Unallocated

\$ 4,929,695

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances consist of amounts allocated between funds for various purposes. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2002, between major and nonmajor governmental funds, are as follows:

Due From		
	Other	
General	Governmental	Total
\$ -	\$ 1,697,098	\$ 1,697,098
94,739	119,320	214,059
6,526,461	5,938	6,532,399
\$6,621,200	\$ 1,822,356	\$ 8,443,556
	\$ - 94,739 6,526,461	General Governmental \$ - \$ 1,697,098 94,739 119,320 6,526,461 5,938

The balance of \$8,443,556 resulted from the time log between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

B. Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2002, consisted of the following:

	Transfer From
Transfer To Other Governmental Funds	General \$ 603,927
The General Fund transferred to the Deferred Maintenance Fund for the required match.	\$ 603,927

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2002, consisted of the following:

	General	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds
Federal categorical	\$ 8,483	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,483	\$ -
State apportionment	470,486	-	•	470,486	-
Salaries and benefits	108,171	-	-	108,171	-
Capital outlay	96,441	2,779,161	510,420	3,386,022	_
Vendor payable	2,333,464	_	676,711	3,010,175	61,202
Total	\$ 3,017,045	\$2,779,161	\$ 1,187,131	\$ 6,983,337	\$ 61,202

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NOTE 8 - DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at June 30, 2002, consists of the following:

		Other	
		Governmenta	1
	General	Funds	Total
Federal financial assistance	\$ 932,260	\$ -	\$ 932,260
State categorical aid	523,737	255,069	778,806
Other local	5,000	146,191	151,191
Total	\$ 1,460,997	\$ 401,260	\$ 1,862,257

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Long-Term Debt Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance			Balance	Due in
	July 1, 2001	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2002	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 74,895,000	\$20,000,000	\$ 2,325,000	\$ 92,570,000	\$ 2,665,000
Accumulated vacation - net	562,369	180,521	-	742,890	-
Capital leases	1,861,048		1,113,539	747,509	189,696
	\$ 77,318,417	\$20,180,521	\$ 3,438,539	\$ 94,060,399	\$ 2,854,696

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

B. Bonded Debt

2002 General Obligation Bonds, Series B

Issuance during the 2000-2001 fiscal year:

In November 2001, the District issued \$20,000,000, 2000 General Obligation Bonds, Series B. The bonds mature on August 1, 2031 with interest yield of 2.05 to 4.7 percent. Net proceeds from the issuance will be used to finance the construction of new schools and to improve and repair existing schools. At June 30, 2002, the principal balance outstanding was \$20,000,000.

Total Outstanding Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

				Bonds			Bonds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding			Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 1, 2001	Issued	Redeemed	June 30, 2002
03/01/93	03/01/18	7.75	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 4,670,000	\$ -	\$ 85,000	\$ 4,585,000
05/01/94	05/01/19	5.85-6.1	10,000,000	8,490,000	-	290,000	8,200,000
06/01/96	02/01/21	5.0-8.0	15,000,000	13,640,000	-	365,000	13,275,000
07/15/97	02/01/22	5.0	10,000,000	9,205,000	•	230,000	8,975,000
07/15/98	02/01/23	5.0	10,000,000	9,380,000	-	245,000	9,135,000
02/01/01	02/01/30	3.0-4.95	10,000,000	10,000,000	-	145,000	9,855,000
06/01/01	02/01/20	2.75-4.90	19,510,000	19,510,000	-	965,000	18,545,000
11/01/01	08/01/31	2.05-4.7	20,000,000	_	20,000,000		20,000,000
				\$74,895,000	\$20,000,000	\$2,325,000	\$ 92,570,000

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

		Interest to	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Maturity	Total
2003	\$ 2,665,000	\$ 4,894,022	\$ 7,559,022
2004	2,560,000	4,509,390	7,069,390
2005	2,725,000	4,373,728	7,098,728
2006	2,865,000	4,235,401	7,100,401
2007	3,035,000	4,089,234	7,124,234
2008-2012	17,870,000	18,110,014	35,980,014
2013-2017	23,680,000	13,110,295	36,790,295
2018-2022	22,010,000	6,541,650	28,551,650
2023-2027	7,665,000	2,757,757	10,422,757
2028-2032	7,495,000	877,496	8,372,496
Total	\$ 92,570,000	\$63,498,987	\$ 156,068,987

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

C. Accumulated Unpaid Employee Vacation

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2002, amounted to \$742,890.

D. Capital Leases

The District's liability on lease agreements with options to purchase are summarized below:

	Portables_
Balance, July 1, 2001	\$ 2,174,688
Payments	1,322,984
Balance, June 30, 2002	\$ 851,704

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(A)

The capital leases have minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ending	Lease
June 30,	Payment
2003	\$ 215,744
2004	215,744
2005	208,021
2006	208,021
2007	4,174
Total	851,704
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(104,195)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 747,509

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

			Other	
		Building	Governmental	
	General	Fund	Funds	Total
Reserved			<u> </u>	
Revolving cash	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ 6,250	\$ 56,250
Stores inventory	226,891	-	141,263	368,154
Restricted programs	7,435,063			7,435,063
Total Reserved	7,711,954		147,513	7,859,467
Unreserved			•	
Designated				
Economic uncertainties	4,921,340	-	4,284,330	9,205,670
Other designation	2,465,241	14,497,069	9,020,285	25,982,595
Total Designated	7,386,581	14,497,069	13,304,615	35,188,265
Undesignated		-	5,260,990	5,260,990
Total Unreserved	7,386,581	14,497,069	18,565,605	40,449,255
Total	\$15,098,535	\$14,497,069	\$ 18,713,118	\$ 48,308,722

NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides postemployment health care benefits, in accordance with District employment contracts, to all employees who retire from the District on or after attaining age 55 with at least 10 years of service. Currently, 59 employees meet those eligibility requirements. The District contributes 100 percent of the amount of premiums incurred by retirees and their dependents. During the year, expenditures of \$345,380 were recognized for retirees' health care benefits.

The approximate accumulated future liability for the District at June 30, 2002, amounts to \$2,044,260. This amount was calculated based upon the number of retirees receiving benefits multiplied by the yearly district payment per employee in effect at June 30, 2002, multiplied by the number of years of payments remaining.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's risk management activities are recorded in the General Fund. Employee life, health, and disability programs are administered by the General Fund through the purchase of commercial insurance. Refer to Note 15 for additional information regarding the JPA's.

For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS) and classified employees are members of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS).

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(A)

A. STRS

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the STRS annual financial report may be obtained from STRS, 7667 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by STRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2001-2002 was 8.25 percent of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000, were \$5,469,627, \$4,880,735, and \$4,184,902, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

B. PERS

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2001-2002 was zero. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000, were \$-0-, \$-0-, and \$-0-, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

C. On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to STRS and PERS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to STRS in the amount of \$1,462,258 (1.975 percent of salaries subject to STRS). A contribution to PERS was not required for the year ended June 30, 2002. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures, however, guidance received from the California Department of Education advises local educational agencies not to record these amounts in the Annual Financial and Budget Report. These amounts also have not been recorded in these financial statements.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2002.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2002.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2002, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

Remaining	Expected
Construction	Date of
Commitment	Completion
\$ 1,878,598	06/01/03
1,987,751	06/01/03
9,880,490	06/01/03
\$ 13,746,839	
	Commitment \$ 1,878,598 1,987,751 9,880,490

10.0

NOTE 15 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS AND JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Desert Schools' Self-Insurance Program for Employees (DSSIPE), Riverside Schools' Insurance Authority (RSIA), and Riverside Employer/Employees' Partnership for Benefits (REEPB) public entity risk pools. The District pays an annual premium to each entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. The relationships between the District, and the JPA's are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements.

A. Entity	DSSIPE	RSIA	REEP
B. Purpose	Operating and maintaining a fully insured program for, but not limited to, worker's compensation.	Property and liability coverage.	Health, life, and vision insurance coverage.
C. Participants	School districts within the Coachella Valley Desert area.	School districts participating within the desert area.	Certain Riverside County school districts.
D. Governing Board	Elected board by the participating district's governing boards.	Representative from each member district.	Representative from each member district.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

E. Condensed Audited Financial Information Follows

		DSSIPE		RSIA		REEP	
		June 30, 2001*		June 30, 2001*		June 30, 2002	
Assets		\$	4,196,825	\$	8,623,240	\$	7,341,648
Liabilities			(609,403)		(3,838,392)		(6,595,467)
	Fund Equity	\$	3,587,422	\$	4,784,848	\$	746,181
Revenues			673,561		4,825,810		60,861,490
Expenses			(402,408)		(6,464,130)		(61,799,245)
	Net Increase/(Decrease)						
	in Fund Equity	\$	271,153	\$	(1,638,320)	\$	(937,755)

^{*}Most recent information available.

None of the JPA's had long-term debts outstanding at June 30, 2001, and June 30, 2002, as presented. The District's share of year-end assets, liabilities, or fund equity has not been calculated.

NOTE 16 - TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES

On July 3, 2001, the District issued \$7,425,000 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at 4.27 percent. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Interest and principal were due and payable on July 3, 2002. By May 2002, the District had placed 100 percent of principal and interest in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of satisfying the notes. The District was not required to make any additional payments on the notes. As the District has in substance defeased the debt, the tax anticipation notes of \$7,425,000 and related accrued interest and cash held in trust are not included in these financial statements.

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. The District issued \$5,000,000 of Tax And Revenue Anticipation Notes dated July 3, 2002. The notes mature on July 3, 2003, and yield 1.67 percent interest. The notes were sold to supplement cash flow. Repayment requirements are that a percentage of principal and interest be deposited with the Fiscal Agent each month beginning February 2003, until 100 percent of principal and interest due is on account in May 2003.

B. 2000 General Obligation Bonds, Series C

On August 7, 2002, the District issued \$10,000,000, 2000 General Obligation Bonds, Series C. The bonds mature on August 1, 2015, with interest rate yields varying between 1.47 and 4.95 percent. Net proceeds from the issuance will be used to finance the construction of new schools and to improve and repair existing schools.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

C. 2002 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On July 16, 2002, the District issued \$9,265,000, 2002 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The bonds mature on June 30, 2019, with interest rate yields varying between 1.60 and 4.75 percent. Net proceeds from the issuance will be used to advance refund the previously issued 1992 Series B General Obligation Bonds. As a result of the advance refunding, the District will reduce its total debt service requirements.

D. 2002 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On October 2, 2002, the District issued \$14,470,000, 2002 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The bonds mature on February 1, 2021, with interest rate yields varying between 1.08 and 4.40 percent. Net proceeds from the issuance will be used to advance refund the previously issued 1992 Series D General Obligation Bonds. As a result of the advance refunding, the District will reduce its total debt service requirements.

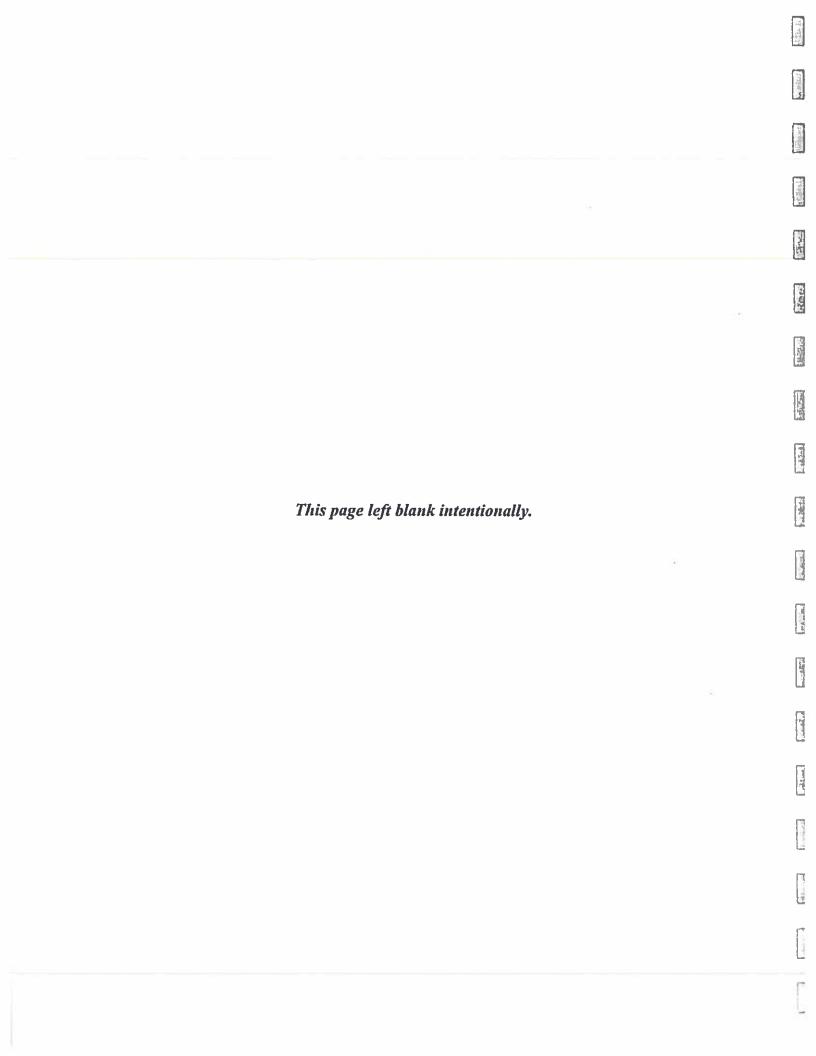
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Budgeted (GAAP		Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Actual
REVENUES			(
Revenue limit sources	\$ 94,742,515	\$ 96,743,179	\$ 97,058,078	\$ 314,899
Federal sources	7,672,875	12,365,707	10,828,969	(1,536,738)
Other state sources	18,443,046	22,637,616	23,730,751	1,093,135
Other local sources	11,085,446	11,819,719	11,938,669	118,950
Total Revenues	131,943,882	143,566,221	143,556,467	(9,754)
EXPENDITURES	· <u>···</u> ·			
Current				
Instruction	82,291,490	96,278,727	90,375,672	5,903,055
Instruction related activities:				
Supervision of instruction	4,412,645	4,806,715	4,677,381	129,334
Instructional library, media,				
and technology	1,716,254	2,345,490	1,930,316	415,174
School site administration	9,421,221	9,680,138	9,412,266	267,872
Pupil services:				
Home-to-school transportation	3,258,976	3,334,436	3,395,148	(60,712)
Food services	-	-	46,275	(46,275)
All other pupil services	4,293,582	4,704,368	4,716,124	(11,756)
General administration:				
Data processing	782,972	2,869,144	1,570,954	1,298,190
All other general administration	7,310,441	6,721,058	6,406,859	314,199
Plant services	16,563,740	17,709,361	16,740,677	968,684
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	208,814	(208,814)
Ancillary services	1,163,706	1,237,246	1,165,272	71,974
Community services	1,054,461	7,192	52,733	(45,541)
Other outgo	433,315	433,315	24,986	408,329
Debt service				
Principal	1,113,539	1,113,539	1,113,539	•
Interest	314,228	314,228	314,228	
Total Expenditures	134,130,570	151,554,957	142,151,244	9,403,713
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(2,186,688)	(7,988,736)	1,405,223	9,413,467
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	 -			
Other sources	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	(1,500,000)
Other uses	(144,168)	_	(603,927)	(603,927)
Net Financing				·
Sources (Uses)	1,355,832	1,500,000	(603,927)	(2,103,927)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(830,856)	(6,488,736)	801,296	7,309,540
Fund Balance - Beginning	14,297,239	14,297,239	14,297,239	14,297,239
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 13,466,383	\$ 7,808,503	\$ 15,098,535	\$ 21,606,779

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		Pass-Through	Pro	ogram Awa	rds
	Federal	Entity			
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Catalog	Identifying	Current	Prior	Total
Grantor/Program	Number	Number	Year	Year	Entitlement
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Passed-through California Department of Education (CD	E):				
Adult Education Act - PL 105-220	84.002	13973	\$ 46,800	\$ -	\$ 46,800
Child Development, Federal Childcare Center Based	84.000	03608	196,965	_	196,965
Education Technology Literacy Grant [2]	84.318	13285	801,000	183,181	984,181
Elementary and Secondary Education Act					
Title I Part A - Grants to Local					
Educational Agencies	84.010	03797	4,415,075	268,136	4,683,211
Title I - Even Start	84.213	13700	245,850	-	245,850
Title II - Eisenhower Math and Science	84.281	03207	135,375	1,236	136,611
Title IV - Safe and Drug-Free Schools	84.184	10007	350,500	85,926	436,426
Title VI - Innovative Education Strategies	84.298	03340	108,419	50,228	158,647
Title VI - Federal Class Size Reduction [2]	84.340	13073	670,238		670,238
Title VII - Bilingual Education Comprehensive					
School Grants	84.290	10008	243,951	192	243,951
Emergency Immigrant Education	84.162	03159	148,931		148,931
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act					
Federal Preschool [2]	84.173	03430	68,907	45,750	114,657
Local Assistance [2]	84.027	03379	1,871,831	-	1,871,831
Preschool Local Entitlement [2]	84.173	13682	66,229	42,937	109,166
Personnel Staff Development [2]	84.027	03615	6,835	-	6,835
Low Incidence [2]	84.027	03459	6,149	-	6,149
Workability [2]	84.027	03011	197,040	-	197,040
Reading Excellence Award	84.338A	14155	800,000	-	800,000
Vocational and Applied Technology					,
Education Act - Carl D. Perkins					
Title IIC - Adult Education	84.048	03578	70,128	-	70,128
Title IIC - Secondary Education	84.048	03920	172,557	_	172,557
Subtotal			-		ŕ

^[1] Entitlement column not applicable. Maximum revenues based on level of service, ADA or other criteria.

^[2] Major program.

			evenues	Program R			
	-			Accounts	Α		
Program	Total		Deferred	eceivable	Re	Cash	
Expenditures	Revenue		Revenue	Payable)	(I	Received	
\$ 36,697	36,697	\$	s -	10,979	\$	25,718	\$
184,697	184,697			16,089		168,608	
984,181	984,181		-	430,200		553,981	
4,193,112	4,193,112		490,402	_		4,683,514	
237,368	237,368		450,402	(8,482)		245,850	
118,048	118,048		18,563	(0,102)		136,611	
326,622	326,622		108,437			435,059	
122,245	122,245		36,402	. Pi		158,647	
670,238	670,238		-	335,119		335,119	
243,951	243,951		-	243,951		-	
50,053	50,053		98,878	•		148,931	
92,742	92,742		21,915	-		114,657	
1,871,831	1,871,831		5	467,609		1,404,222	
84,875	84,875		24,291	16,558		92,608	
6,835	6,835		-	1,708		5,127	
6,149	6,149		-	6,149		-	
167,396	167,396		-	19,616		147,780	
266,628	266,628		133,372	-		400,000	
/0,128	/0,128		_	17,532		52,596	
164,561	164,561		-	34,268		130,293	
9,898,357	9,898,357	_	932,260	1,591,296		9,239,321	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Pass-Through Program Awards						
	Federal	Entity				7	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Catalog	Identifying	Current	Prio	ľ	Total	
Grantor/Program	Number	Number	Year	Year		Entitlement	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE							
Passed-through CDE:							
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
Basic Breakfast [2]	10.553	03390	\$ -	\$	-	[1]	
Especially Needy Breakfast [2]	10.553	03390	-		_	[1]	
National School Lunch Program [2]	10.555	03396				[1]	
Meal Supplements [2]	10.559	03158	-			[1]	
Food Distribution [2]	10.550	03534	12		_	[1]	
Forest Reserve	10.665	10044	1,843		-	1,843	
Subtotal							
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN	SERVICES						
Passed-through CDE:							
LEA Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013			121	[1]	
Passed through Riverside County Office of Educa	ntion (RCOE)						
Head Start [2]	93.600	10016	-		_	[1]	
Subtotal							
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR							
JTPA - School-to-Career	17.250	23422	-			[1]	
Total Federal Programs							

^[1] Entitlement column not applicable. Maximum revenues based on level of service, ADA or other criteria.

^[2] Major program.

Program Revenues										
		A	counts							
Cash		Re	Receivable		Deferred		Total		Program	
]	Received	(P	(Payable)		Revenue		Revenue		Expenditures	
\$	20,850	\$	4,031	\$	-	\$	24,881	\$	24,881	
	439,798		92,266		-		532,064		532,064	
	2,198,771		456,965		-		2,655,736		2,655,736	
	15,174		3,323		_		18,497		18,497	
	222,782 -				2 - 222,782		222,782		222,782	
	1,843		-		-		1,843		1,843	
	2,899,218		556,585				3,455,803		3,455,803	
	140,702		9,356		-		150,058		150,058	
	996,144		65,251				1,061,395		1,061,395	
	1,136,846		74,607				1,211,453		1,211,453	
_	8,838		-		- 2		8,838	_	8,838	
\$	13,284,223	\$2	,222,488	\$ 932	2,260	\$ 1	4,574,451	\$	14,574,451	

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	Second	
	Period	Annual
	Report	Report
	(Revised)	(Revised)
ELEMENTARY		(1107.00)
Kindergarten	1,450	1,465
First through third	5,101	5,119
Fourth through sixth	4,853	4,849
Seventh and eighth	2,825	2,819
Opportunity schools	13	14
Home and hospital	13	14
Special education	449	447
Total Elementary	14,704	14,727
Total Dictionally	14,704	14,727
SECONDARY		
Regular classes	4,948	4,693
Continuation education	270	268
Home and hospital	6	6
Special education	183	198
Total Secondary	5,407	
Total K-12		5,165
10tat K-12	20,111	19,892
CLASSES FOR ADULTS		
Concurrently enrolled	5	8
Not concurrently enrolled	191	198
Total Classes for Adults	196	206
Grand Total	20,307	20,098
		Hours of
		Attendance
SUMMER SCHOOL		
Elementary		222,078
High School		417,389
Total Hours		639,467
A DIMA GOVERN		037,407

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SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	1982-83	1986-87	2001-02	Number	of Days	
	Actual	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack	
Grade Level	Minutes	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	31,680	36,000	36,000	180	178	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	49,280	50,400	51,915	180	178	Complied
Grades 4 - 5	49,280	54,000	54,065	180	178	Complied
Grades 6 - 8	49,280	54,000	57,860	180	178	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,218	64,800	64,808	180	178	Complied

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

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There were no adjustments to the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2002.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	(Budget) 2003 ¹	2002	2001	2000	
GENERAL FUND					
Revenues	\$ 140,227,879	\$ 143,556,467	\$ 135,454,602	\$ 112,626,185	
Other sources	800,000	-	338,674		
Total Revenues					
and Other Sources	141,027,879	143,556,467	135,793,276	112,626,185	
Expenditures	142,001,557	142,151,244	127,096,365	112,561,531	
Other uses and transfers out	39,594	603,927	729,132	5,665,546	
Total Expenditures					
and Other Uses	142,041,151	142,755,171	127,825,497	118,227,077	
INCREASE (DECREASE)					
IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,013,272)	\$ 801,296	\$ 7,967,779	\$ (5,600,892)	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 14,085,263	\$ 15,098,535	\$ 14,297,239	\$ 6,329,460	
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$ 7,758,294	\$ 8,969,359	\$ 8,567,080	\$ 7,292,353	
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO	5.5%	6.3%	6.7%	6.2%	
LONG-TERM DEBT	N/A	\$ 94,060,399	\$ 78,905,023	\$ 69,085,943	
AVERAGE DAILY					
ATTENDANCE AT P-2 ³	20,949	20,111	19,242	18,806	

The General Fund balance has increased by \$8,769,075 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2002-03 budget projects a decrease of \$1,013,272 (6.7 percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2002-03 fiscal year. Total long-term debt has increased by \$24,974,456 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 1,305 over the past two years. Additional growth of 838 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2002-03.

¹ Budget 2003 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all undesignated fund balances and all funds designated for economic uncertainty contained within the General Fund and Special Reserve Fund (other than capital outlay).

³ Excludes Adult Education ADA.

GENERAL FUND SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION THREE-YEAR SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

(Amounts in thousands)	Actual Results for the Years					
	2001-2002		2000-2	2001	1999-2000	
		Percent	<u> </u>	Percent		Percent
		of		of		of
	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue
REVENUES						
Federal revenue	\$ 10,660	7.4	\$ 7,860	5.8	\$ 5,816	5.2
included in revenue limit	97,058	67.6	88,643	65.4	77,654	68.9
Special education	7,533	5.2	5,600	4.1	4,652	4.1
Lottery revenue	2,820	2.0	2,907	2.1	2,401	2.1
Other state revenue	21,079	14.7	24,487	18.1	15,039	13.4
Interest revenue	642	0.4	1,656	1.2	1,529	1.4
Other local revenue and transfers	3,764	2.6	4,301	3.2	5,535	4.9
Total Revenues	143,556	100.0	135,454	100.0	112,626	100.0
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries and Benefits						
Teachers' salaries	62,533	43.6	55,499	41.0	46,211	41.0
Other certificated salaries	10,557	7.4	9,496	7.0	9,096	8.1
Classified salaries	19,579	13.6	17,961	13.3	14,937	13.3
Employee benefits	23,686	16.5	20,573	15.2	16,205	14.4
Total Salaries						-
and Benefits	116,355	81.1	103,529	76.5	86,449	76.8
Books and supplies	9,191	6.4	5,781	4.3	6,987	6.2
Contracts and operating expenses	14,857	10.3	13,415	9.9	12,757	11.3
Capital outlay	2,166	1.5	4,868	3.6	5,294	4.7
Other outgo	(419)	(0.3)	(497)	(0.4)	1,074	1.0
Total Expenditures	142,150	99.0	127,096	93.9	112,561	100.0
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER/						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,406	1.0	8,358	6.1	65	0.0
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES/(USES)						
Operating transfers in	-	0.0	113	0.1	-	0.0
Other sources	-	0.0	226	0.2	-	0.0
Operating transfers out	(604)	(0.4)	(729)	(0.5)	(5,666)	(5.0)
Total Other Financing						
Sources/(Uses)	(604)	(0.4)	(390)	(0.2)	(5,666)	(5.0)
INCREASE/(DECREASE)						
IN FUND BALANCE	802	0.6	7,968	5.8	(5,601)	(5.0)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	14,297	-	6,329		11,930	(3.1.7)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 15,099	-	\$ 14,297	•	\$ 6,329	•
		=		:	- 0,527	=

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NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

B. Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupil attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionment's of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

C. Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 requirement, whichever is greater, as required by Education Code Section 46201.

D. Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

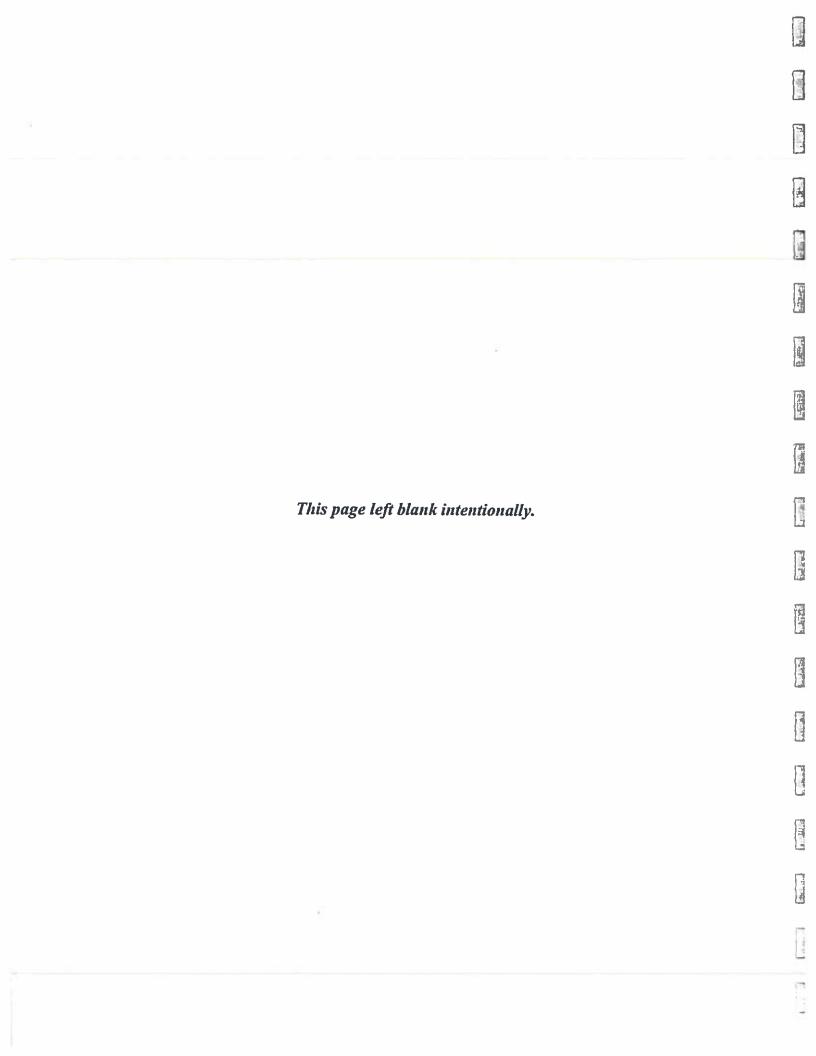
This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

E. Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

F. General Fund Selected Financial Information

This schedule provides a comparison of revenues and expenditures as a percentage of total revenue for the General Fund for the past three years.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS







VALUE THE DIFFERENCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Palm Springs Unified School District Palm Springs, California

We have audited the financial statements of Palm Springs Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Palm Springs Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Palm Springs Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Palm Springs Unified School District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying Schedule of Financial Statement Findings as items 2002-1 through 2002-4.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Governing Board, audit committee, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Vavanek, Trune, Day . Co, Lef

Rancho Cucamonga, California November 8, 2002



Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Governing Board
Palm Springs Unified School District
Palm Springs, California

Compliance

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We have audited the compliance of Palm Springs Unified School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002. Palm Springs Unified School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major Federal programs is the responsibility of Palm Springs Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Palm Springs Unified School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States*, *Local Governments*, and *Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Palm Springs Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Palm Springs Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Palm Springs Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Palm Springs Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to Federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Palm Springs Unified School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major Federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Governing Board, audit committee, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Vaurnet, Trine, Day . Co., LLP

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Rancho Cucamonga, California November 8, 2002



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Palm Springs Unified School District Palm Springs, California

We have audited the financial statements of the Palm Springs Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial and compliance audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State Controller's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The management of Palm Springs Unified School District is responsible for compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Palm Springs Unified School District's compliance with the laws and regulations of the following items:

	Procedures in	
	Controller's	Procedures
	Audit Guide	Performed
Attendance accounting		
Attendance reporting	4	Yes
Kindergarten continuation	3	Yes
Independent study	13	Yes
Continuation education	11	Yes
Adult education	8	Yes
Regional occupational centers/programs	4	Not Applicable
Staff development days	3	Yes
Incentives for longer instructional day:		
School districts	3	Yes
County offices of education	3	Not Applicable
GANN limit calculation	2	Yes
Early retirement incentive program	5	Not Applicable

	Procedures in	
	Controller's	Procedures
	Audit Guide	Performed
Community day schools	8	Not Applicable
Class size reduction program:		
Option one classes	11	Not Applicable
Option two classes	10	Not Applicable
Option one and two classes	16	Yes
Reduce class size in two courses in grade 9	8	Yes
State instructional materials fund		
K-8	10	Yes
9-12	7	Yes
Schiff-Bustamante standards-based instructional materials	9	Yes
Digital High School Education Technology Grant Program	5	Yes
California Public School Library Act of 1998	4	Yes
Office of Criminal Justice Planning	-	Not Applicable

Based on our audit, we found that for the items tested, the Palm Springs Unified School District complied with the State laws and regulations referred to above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Governing Board, audit committee, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Vavanek, Trine, Day ! Co., LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California November 8, 2002 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditors' report issued:		Unqualified	
Internal control over financial reportin	- Cirquaninoa		
Material weaknesses identified?	No		
Reporting conditions identified not	considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	
Noncompliance material to financial se	tatements noted?	No	
FEDERAL AWARDS	9		
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?		No	
Reporting conditions identified no	t considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported	
Type of auditors' report issued on com		Unqualified	
	equired to be reported in accordance with		
Circular A-133, Section .510(a)	No		
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
84.318	Education Technology Literacy Grant		
84.340	Title VI - Federal Class Size Reduction		
84.027, 87.173	Special Education Cluster		
	Food Distribution, Basic Breakfast, Especially Needy	1	
	Breakfast, National School Lunch Program, Meal		
10.550, 10.553, 10.555, 10.559	Supplements		
93.600	Head Start		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish be	etween Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 437,233	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	• • •	No	
*			
STATE AWARDS			
Internal control over state programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?	No		
Reporting conditions identified no	None reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on com	Unqualified		
Type of additors report issued on compliance for state programs.			

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

The following findings represent reportable conditions, material weaknesses, and/or instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The findings have been coded as follows:

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Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type
20000	Inventory of Equipment
30000	Internal Control
60000	Miscellaneous

ASB Bank Depositing Procedures

2002-1 <u>Finding</u> (30000)

In the process of documenting and testing ASB receipting procedures at all high school sites, we observed that there was inconsistencies in bank depositing procedures. Items noted included, inconsistencies with district issued receipts, miscellaneous district personnel transporting deposits, and no separation of duties.

Recommendation

The District should develop and implement standard depositing procedures that meet the following: timeliness, completeness, separation of duties and security.

District Response

The District will continue to provide training to all ASB's regarding cash collection procedures.

Deficit Account Balances

Cathedral City High School/Desert Hot Springs High School

2002-2 Finding (30000)

In reviewing the financial statements for the student body account, we noted negative balances in some of the ASB accounts. Controlling of expenditures by ensuring that the expenditure is allowable and that the account requesting the expenditure has the funds to cover it is essential to maintaining fiscal solvency for each account and the ASB as a whole.

Recommendation

The ASB bookkeeper has a fiduciary responsibility to all student body organizations to act in each group's best interest. Request for disbursements from student groups should be reviewed for appropriateness and also to ensure that funds are available in the specific account.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

District Response

The District has instructed ASB's to implement necessary controls to eliminate deficit spending. Those controls include maintaining of all account balances including budget projects and cash flows needs.

Associated Student Body

San Jacinto Continuation High School

2002-3 <u>Finding</u> (30000)

During our audit, it was noted that the June and July bank statements and reconciliations were missing.

Recommendation

Monthly bank reconciliation's should be available for audit in order to ensure that the cash balance reported on the books are accurate.

District Response

Bank reconciliation's will be submitted to the District office on a monthly basis.

Separation of Duties

2002-4 Finding (30000)

There appears to be a lack of separation of duties at several of the ASB's. The lack of separation of duties includes the following:

 Bookkeepers have complete control of all cash collections, issue receipts for cash collection, reconcile the bank accounts, and post transactions to the general ledger.

Recommendation

To provide for an adequate separation of duties, the same person should not have custody of assets, have responsibility for recording transactions, and have reconciliation of responsibilities. Although it is difficult to have a separation of duties at the ASB's, we suggest that the District make attempts to ensure that the separation of duties is maintained at the best possible level.

District Response

This is common for most ASB Funds. The District has provided training accounting manual and assistance to ensure that the internal controls are properly maintained.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

There were no findings representing reportable conditions material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance including questioned costs that are required to be reported by OMB Circular A-133.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

There were no findings representing instances of noncompliance and questioned costs relating to state program laws and regulations.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.

Financial Statement Findings

2001-1 30000

Title

Cash Collections

Bubbling Wells Elementary

Finding

We noted the following during our review of cash collections:

- Site cash collections made on behalf of the District are not remitted to the District.
- Cash collections are used to make purchases.

Recommendation

Site cash collections made on behalf of the District, should be remitted to the District at least monthly and should not be used by the school to make purchases. Expenditures of District funds should be processed through the regular purchasing cycle of the District.

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Current Status

Implemented.

2001-2 30000

Title

Cash Collections

Julius Corsini Elementary

Finding

Cash collections made by the librarian for lost and damaged books submitted to the school secretary have not been remitted to the District during the year.

Recommendation

Cash collected on behalf of the District should be remitted to the District at least monthly and should not be used by the school to make purchases. Expenditures of the District funds should be processed through the regular purchasing cycle of the District.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Current Status

Implemented.

2001-3 30000

Title

Associated Student Body (ASB) Funds

Palm Springs High School

Finding

Due to a theft of the ASB safe, the ASB bookkeeper does not have a secure location to keep daily cash collections.

Recommendation

To ensure that cash collections are properly safeguarded, the ASB should keep its cash receipts collected during the day in a secure location. Due to the high volume of cash collected, the bookkeeper should continue to make deposits on a daily basis.

Current Status

Implemented

2001-4 30000

Title

Associated Student Body (ASB) Funds

Nellie Coffman Middle School

Finding

A review of the internal control structure of the student activities account indicated the following:

- Sub-receipt books or cash receipt logs are not consistently used by advisors when remitting cash
 to the Activities Director.
- Several deposits were made to the bank account by a non-district employee.
- Journal entries are not being posted chronologically. Once instance includes a deposit made to the bank in December 2000, posted to the ledger twenty-five days later in January 2001.
- On several occasions, it was noted that a parent has signed check request forms and submitted these forms signing as a teacher.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

Recommendation

The internal control procedures should be reviewed with the school's Activities Director and advisors.

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Current Status

Implemented.

2001-5 30000

Title

Associated Student Body (ASB) Funds

Desert Hot Springs High School

Finding

The following items were noted:

- Deposits are not made timely to the bank, the majority of cash collections are maintained in the safe for a period of three months or more.
- Bank reconciliations are not completed monthly.
- The June 30, 2001, bank reconciliation had deposits in transit in excess of \$60,000, for time periods dating back to January 2001. These deposits did not post until July 2001.

Recommendation

Bank deposits should be at least weekly. Deposits should be made more frequently during periods or high volume of cash collection. Cash should not be held in the safe over the weekend of during vacation breaks. A bank reconciliation should be prepared each month and submitted to the site administrator and to the District Office for review.

Current Status

Improved, see current year finding and recommendation 2002-2.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

2001-6 30000

Title

Separation of Duties

Finding

There appears to be a lack of separation of duties at several of the ASB's. The lack of separation of duties includes the following:

 Bookkeepers have complete control of all cash collections, issue receipts for cash collection, reconcile the bank accounts, and post transactions to the general ledger.

Recommendation

To provide for an adequate separation of duties, the same person should not have custody of assets, have responsibility for recording transactions, and have reconciliation of responsibilities. Although it is difficult to have a separation of duties at the ASB's, we suggest that the District make attempts to ensure that the separation of duties is maintained at the best possible level.

Current Status

Not implemented, see current year finding and recommendation 2002-4.

